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10/688,734	10/16/2003	Enrique David Sancho	2062.001US3	1773	
	7590 03/12/201 I, LUNDBERG & WO	EXAMINER			
P.O. BOX 2938		WINTER, JOHN M			
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3685		
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Office Action Summary		Applica	Application No. Applicant(s)			
		10/688,	734	SANCHO, ENRIQUE DAVID		
		Examin	er	Art Unit		
		JOHN M	1. WINTER	3685		
7 Period for F	The MAILING DATE of this commun Reply	ication appears on t	he cover sheet wit	th the correspondence ac	ddress	
A SHOF WHICHE - Extensio after SIX - If NO pe - Failure tr Any reply	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M ns of time may be available under the provisions (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comr riod for reply is specified above, the maximum st o reply within the set or extended period for reply or received by the Office later than three months atent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AALLING DATE OF of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nunication. atutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the a	THIS COMMUNIC event, however, may a re will expire SIX (6) MONT pplication to become ABA	CATION.  Sply be timely filed  FHS from the mailing date of this of the capacity of the capaci	·	
Status						
2a)⊠ Tł 3)⊡ Si	esponsive to communication(s) filentials action is <b>FINAL</b> .  Ince this application is in condition on the condition is the praction is the praction is the praction in accordance with the praction.	2b)⊡ This action is for allowance exce	non-final. ot for formal matte	•	e merits is	
Disposition	of Claims					
4a 5)	aim(s) 34-36 and 40-43 is/are per ) Of the above claim(s) is/a aim(s) is/are allowed. aim(s) 34-36 and 40-43 is/are rejeaim(s) is/are objected to. aim(s) are subject to restrict Papers e specification is objected to by the	ected.	consideration.			
10)∐ Th Ar Re	e specification is objected to by the edrawing(s) filed on is/are oblicant may not request that any objected to ath or declaration is objected to ath or declaration is objected to a specification is objected to	: a) ☐ accepted or ction to the drawing(sg the correction is requ	) be held in abeyand uired if the drawing(	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 C	` '	
Priority und	der 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
2)  Notice o 3)  Informat	f References Cited (PTO-892) f Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Fion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) o(s)/Mail Date <u>10/*19/2009, 1/11/2009, 2/5</u>	·	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date formal Patent Application 		

#### DETAILED ACTION

#### Acknowledgements

1. The Applicants amendment filed on November 24, 2009 is hereby acknowledged, 34-36, 40 and 43-44 remain pending.

#### Response to Arguments

2. The Applicant states that Pare's passage does not teach a first server receiving a computer fingerprint file identifying a user computer based on information associated with a plurality of components included in the user computer.

The Examiner responds that Pare discloses an identification module that utilizes "biometric data and PIN; biometric data alone; digital identification (digital certificates); PIA hardware identification code" (Column 11, lines 14-21) to identify a party the Examiner submits that at least the feature of "PIA hardware identification code" is analogous to the claimed limitation of "identifying a user computer based on information associated with a plurality of components included in the user computer".

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

### 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- 3. Claims 34-36 and 43-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.
- 4. Claims 34-36 are rejected based on Supreme Court precedent (See also *Diamond* v. *Diehr*, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); *Parker v. Flook*, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978);

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Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972); Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780, 787-88 (1876)) and recent Federal Circuit decisions, a §101 process must (1) be tied to another statutory class (such as a particular apparatus) or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing. In addition, the tie to a particular apparatus, for example, cannot be mere extra-solution activity. See *In re Bilski*, 88 USPQ2d 1385 (Fed. Cir. 2008).

An example of a method claim that would not qualify as a statutory process would be a claim that recited purely mental steps.

5. To meet prong (1), the method step should positively recite the other statutory class (the thing or product) to which it is tied. This may be accomplished by having the claim positively recite the machine that accomplishes the method steps. Alternatively or to meet prong (2), the method step should positively recite identifying the material that is being changed to a different state or positively recite the subject matter that is being transformed.

In this particular case, claim 34 fails prong (1) because the "tie" (e.g. receiving at a miniserver) is representative of extra-solution activity. Additionally, the claim(s) fail prong (2) because the method steps do not transform the underlying subject matter to a different state or thing.

Claims 35-36 and 43-44 are dependant upon claim 34 and are rejected for at least the same reasons.

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The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 6. Claim 40 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 7. Claim 40 recites "message containing information indicating that a user was verified" however there is no corresponding structure in either the first or second input unit that implements any verification process, and is therefore indefinite.
- 8. Claim 40 is indefinite because it is a hybrid claim. In particular, the claim appears to be directed to neither a "process" nor a "machine," but rather embraces or overlaps two different statutory classes of invention. Evidence to support an interpretation that claim 17 is a *product* is (1) the preamble which states "a vendor computer " and (2) the body of the claim which recites "a first input unit ...."

  Alternatively, evidence that indicates the claim is directed to a *process* or method is the body of the claim which recites "to communicate with a second server to receive a second server message containing information indicating that a user was verified, based on a first identification for the user, generated using the first computer fingerprint file...." Because of this conflicting evidence, it is unclear if claim 17 is a product or process claim. See the 35 U.S.C. §101 rejection above. See MPEP §2173.05(p) II or Ex Parte Lyell, 17 USPQ2d 1548 (B.P.A.I. 1990). For prior art purposes, the Examiner interprets the claim as being drawn to a product claim.

45)

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 34-36, 40 and 43-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pare Jr. et al. (US Patent 6,269,348) in view of Glass et al. (US Patent 6,332,193).

# 9. As per claims 34 and 40

Pare Jr. et al ('348) a computer-implemented method for verifying a user and a user computer comprising:

receiving at a first server a first message from the user computer, the first server message including a first computer fingerprint file; (Column 11, lines 14-21 and 39-42) identifying the user computer based on information associated with a plurality of components included in the user computer; (column 12, lines 28-42) comparing the first computer fingerprint file against a second computer fingerprint file to verify the user computer, (Column 15, lines 35-49) the second computer fingerprint file including information associated with the plurality of components included in the user computer, and the second fingerprint file being accessible by the first server; (Column 11, lines 39-

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Pare Jr. et al ('348) does not specifically disclose "receiving at a second server the second message from the user computer, the second server message including the a first identification for the user, the first identification being associated with based on the first computer fingerprint file identifying the user computer; and comparing, at the second server, the first identification for the user against a second identification for the user to verify the user, the second identification for the user accessible by the second server; and after the comparing of the first identification for the user against the second identification for the user to verify the user, generating a third server message at the second server based upon the results of the comparison"; Glass et al ('193) discloses a "receiving at a second server the second message from the user computer, the second server message including the a first identification for the user, the first identification being associated with based on the first computer fingerprint file identifying the user computer; and comparing, at the second server, the first identification for the user against a second identification for the user to verify the user, the second identification for the user accessible by the second server; (Column 10, lines 30-35) and after the comparing of the first identification for the user against the second identification for the user to verify the user, generating a third server message at the second server based upon the results of the comparison. (Column 10, lines 30-58). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the Pare Jr. et al ('348) reference in view of Glass et al ('193) in order to restrict prosecution of a transaction to a specific user/machine pair.

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10. As per claim 35,

Pare Jr. et al ('348) discloses a method for verifying a user and a user computer comprising:

sending the first message to a vendor computer; and sending the second message to the vendor computer.(Column 11, lines 45-48)

11. As per claim 36,

Pare Jr. et al ('348) discloses a method according to claim 35 further comprising: authorizing an action by the vendor computer only if both the first message contains information indicating the user computer was verified and the second message contains information indicating the user was verified.(Column 11, lines 39-42; Figure 6)

12. As per claim 43,

Pare Jr. et al ('348) discloses the method of claim 34, wherein the first mini-server and the second mini-server are associated with a clearinghouse computer. (Figure 7)

13. As per claim 44,

Pare Jr. et al ('348) discloses the method of claim 34, wherein the first mini-server is associated with a first clearinghouse computer and the second mini-server is associated with a second clearinghouse computer. (Figure 7)

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#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JOHN M. WINTER whose telephone number is (571)272-6713. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-6, 1st Fridays off. f attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Calvin Hewitt can be reached on (571) 272-6709. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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**JMW** 

/Calvin L Hewitt II/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3685